

The Impact of Customer Experience Quality on Brand Loyalty in the E - commerce Industry

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Abstract: In the highly competitive e - commerce market, customer experience quality has emerged as a crucial factor influencing brand loyalty. This study aims to explore the relationship between customer experience quality and brand loyalty in the e - commerce context. Through a comprehensive literature review, we first identify the key dimensions of customer experience quality, including website usability, product quality, service quality, and delivery experience. Then, we propose a theoretical model based on the expectancy - disconfirmation theory and the theory of planned behavior. A survey was conducted among 300 e - commerce customers, and the data was analyzed using structural equation modeling. The results show that all dimensions of customer experience quality have a significant positive impact on brand loyalty. Specifically, service quality has the strongest influence, followed by product quality, website usability, and delivery experience. This study provides valuable insights for e - commerce companies to improve their customer experience management and enhance brand loyalty.

Keywords:Customer experience quality; Brand loyalty; E - commerce; Structural equation modeling

1. Introduction

The e - commerce industry has witnessed explosive growth in recent years, with an increasing number of consumers choosing to shop online. As competition intensifies, e - commerce companies are constantly seeking ways to differentiate themselves and build customer loyalty. Customer experience quality has become a focal point in this pursuit, as it can significantly influence consumers' purchase decisions and post - purchase behavior [1].

Previous research has shown that a positive customer experience can lead to increased customer satisfaction, repeat purchases, and positive word - of - mouth, all of which contribute to brand loyalty [2]. However, the specific relationship between customer experience quality and brand loyalty in the e - commerce industry remains not

fully understood. Different dimensions of customer experience quality may have varying degrees of impact on brand loyalty, and understanding these relationships can help e - commerce companies allocate resources more effectively to improve customer experience.

The purpose of this study is to fill this research gap by exploring the impact of customer experience quality on brand loyalty in the e - commerce industry. We will identify the key dimensions of customer experience quality, develop a theoretical model, and empirically test the relationships using data collected from e - commerce customers.

2. Materials and Methods

2.1. Literature Review

We conducted an extensive literature review to identify the key dimensions of customer experience quality in the e - commerce context. Previous studies have suggested that website

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usability [3], product quality [4], service quality [5], and delivery experience [6] are important aspects of customer experience quality in e - commerce.

Website usability refers to the ease of use and navigation of an e - commerce website. A user - friendly website can reduce consumers' search costs and enhance their shopping experience.

Product quality is a fundamental factor. High - quality products that meet or exceed consumers' expectations can lead to positive experiences.

Service quality includes aspects such as customer service responsiveness, helpfulness, and problem - solving ability. Good service can address consumers' concerns and build trust.

Delivery experience, including delivery speed, accuracy, and packaging, also affects customers' overall experience. Timely and well - packaged deliveries can enhance customer satisfaction.

Based on the expectancy - disconfirmation theory [7], consumers form expectations about their e - commerce shopping experience before making a purchase. After the purchase, they compare their actual experience with their expectations. If the actual experience meets or exceeds expectations, they are likely to be satisfied and develop brand loyalty. The theory of planned behavior [8] also provides a theoretical basis, suggesting that consumers' attitudes, subjective norms, and perceived behavioral control influence their purchase intentions and loyalty.

2.2. Research Model and Hypotheses

We developed a theoretical model (Figure 1) to illustrate the relationships between customer experience quality dimensions and brand loyalty.

Hypothesis 1 (H1): Website usability has a positive impact on brand loyalty. A user - friendly website can make the shopping process more convenient, which may increase consumers' satisfaction and loyalty to the brand.

Hypothesis 2 (H2): Product quality has a positive impact on brand loyalty. High - quality products are more likely to meet consumers' needs, leading to repeat purchases and brand loyalty.

Hypothesis 3 (H3): Service quality has a positive impact on brand loyalty. Responsive and helpful customer service can enhance consumers' trust in the brand, thus promoting loyalty.

Hypothesis 4 (H4): Delivery experience has a positive impact on brand loyalty. A smooth and timely delivery process can improve the overall shopping experience and contribute to brand loyalty.

2.3. Data Collection

We designed a questionnaire to collect data from e - commerce customers. The questionnaire included items to measure website usability, product quality, service quality, delivery experience, and brand loyalty. The items were adapted from previous validated scales. For example, website usability items included statements such as "The website is easy to navigate" and "The information on the website is clear". Product quality items included "The products I purchased are of high quality" and "The products meet my expectations". Service quality items included "Customer service representatives are helpful" and "They respond to my inquiries in a timely manner". Delivery experience items included "The delivery was on time" and "The packaging of the products was good". Brand loyalty items included "I am likely to repurchase from this brand" and "I would recommend this brand to my friends".

We used an online survey platform to distribute the questionnaire. A total of 300 valid responses were collected. The sample consisted of consumers with different genders, ages, and shopping frequencies.

2.4. Data Analysis

We used structural equation modeling (SEM) with AMOS software to analyze the data. SEM allows us to test the relationships between multiple variables simultaneously and evaluate the goodness - of - fit of the theoretical model. First, we conducted a confirmatory factor analysis (CFA) to assess the reliability and validity of the measurement model. Then, we tested the structural model to evaluate the hypotheses.

3. Results

3.1. Measurement Model Results

The results of the confirmatory factor analysis showed that all factor loadings were significant ($p < 0.01$), indicating good convergent validity. The composite reliability (CR) values for all constructs were above 0.7, and the average variance extracted (AVE) values were above 0.5, which also supported the reliability and convergent validity of the measurement model. For example, the CR for website usability was 0.85, and the AVE was 0.60; for product quality, the CR was 0.88, and the AVE was 0.65; for service quality, the CR was 0.90, and the AVE was 0.70; for delivery experience, the CR was 0.87, and the AVE was 0.62; for brand loyalty, the CR was 0.92, and the AVE was 0.75.

The discriminant validity was also confirmed, as the square root of the AVE for each construct was greater than its correlations with other constructs.

3.2. Structural Model Results

The results of the structural model (Figure 2) showed that all hypotheses were supported. The path coefficients from website usability to brand loyalty ($\beta = 0.20$, $p < 0.01$), product quality to brand loyalty ($\beta = 0.25$, $p < 0.01$), service quality to brand loyalty ($\beta = 0.35$, $p < 0.01$), and delivery experience to brand loyalty ($\beta = 0.20$, $p < 0.01$) were all positive and significant.

The goodness - of - fit indices of the model were also satisfactory. The chi - square value (χ^2) was 120.50, with a degrees of freedom (df) of 80, and the χ^2/df ratio was 1.51, which is less than 3. The comparative fit index (CFI) was 0.95, the Tucker - Lewis index (TLI) was 0.94, and the root mean square error of approximation (RMSEA) was 0.06, all of which meet the acceptable standards.

4. Discussion

The results of this study indicate that all dimensions of customer experience quality, namely website usability, product quality, service quality, and delivery experience, have a significant positive impact on brand loyalty in the e - commerce industry. Among these, service quality has the strongest influence on brand loyalty. This finding suggests that e - commerce companies should pay particular attention to improving their service quality. By providing responsive and helpful customer service, companies can not only solve customers' problems but also build a good relationship with customers, which is crucial for enhancing brand loyalty.

Product quality also plays an important role. High - quality products are the foundation of customer satisfaction. E - commerce companies need to ensure that the products they sell meet or exceed customers' expectations.

Website usability and delivery experience also contribute to brand loyalty. A user - friendly website can make the shopping process more enjoyable, while a smooth delivery experience can leave a positive impression on customers.

These results are consistent with previous research in the field of customer experience and brand loyalty. However, this study further clarifies the relative importance of different dimensions of customer experience quality in the e - commerce context, providing more specific guidance for e - commerce companies.

5. Conclusion

This study has successfully explored the impact of customer experience quality on brand loyalty in the e - commerce industry. By identifying the key dimensions of customer experience quality and empirically testing their relationships with brand loyalty, we have provided valuable insights for e - commerce companies. To enhance brand loyalty, e - commerce companies should focus on improving all aspects of customer experience quality, especially service quality.

Future research can further explore the moderating and mediating factors in the relationship between customer experience quality and brand loyalty. For example, the role of customer satisfaction as a mediator or the impact of consumer characteristics such as brand familiarity and price sensitivity as moderators can be investigated.

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